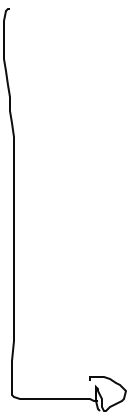


6.3

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} v^+ = \frac{e_1/R + e_2/R + S/KR}{1/R + 1/R + 1/KR} = \frac{\frac{e_1 \cdot K + e_2 \cdot K + S}{KR}}{\frac{2K+1}{KR}} \\ v^- = \frac{e_3/R + e_4/R + 0/KR}{1/R + 1/R + 1/KR} = \frac{\frac{Ke_3 + Ke_4}{KR}}{\frac{2K+1}{KR}} \end{array} \right.$$

$$v^+ = v^-$$

$$\left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{2} \right) + \frac{5}{6} = \frac{\quad}{6}$$



$$\frac{K(e_1 + e_2) + S}{2K+1} = \frac{K(e_3 + e_4)}{2K+1}$$

$$S = K \left[ (e_3 + e_4) - (e_1 + e_2) \right]$$